Political Skirmish Over a Point

Order the Main Business of the

House of Representatives Yes-

terday-And Then Adjourns

Without Settling It.

alty Bill Discussed in the Sen-

ate-Executive Session.

bill pending at the expiration of the

The speaker called attention to the fact

quorum.

Mr. Conger replied that it was neverthe-

less in order to have a call of the house.

The speaker said the chair recognized the

fact that there was more than a quorum

present, as 254 members had just voted, Mr. Conger stated, sarcastically, that his

object was to compel the forty absent mem-bers to return to their duties. He hoped the

ruling of the chair would not prevent the quorum of the house from calling in the ab-

The speaker ruled that the motion was not

n order on the present condition of business.

t having been shown that there was not only

out a quorum. The vote stood yeas 440,

At 4 o'clock, after a half dozen roll-calls,

previously, or, as Mr. Reagan expressed it,

again. The tactics of the Republican side

to table an appeal, thus leaving the

127; nays, 129.

was to answer to their names on call of the

house, but to remain silent upon a motion

Another call of the house was ordered,

After more filibustering of the same sort, he house finally adjourned.

chamber on Wednesday, February 9th, at 12

the United States as they shall be declared;

dent of the senate, who shall announce the re-ult of the vote, which shall be entered on the

such entry on the journals shall be deemed a sufficient declaration thereof.

Senator Whyte objected to present consider-tion, and the resolution was laid over.

the Morgan raid through Indiana and Ohio Senator Windom said that he had pro

the senator from Texas [Coke] believed the

e disposed of to-day. Senator Coke replied that, in his epinion

final vote could be reached on the latter

committee on appropriations.

Consideration of the land-in-severalty bill

ing lands in severalty under the provisions of the bill.

Senator Morgan withdrew his amendment

Senator Teller spoke in opposition to the

syes, 12; nays, 27. Senator Plumb moved to amend section

tion for twenty-five years, by adding a pro-viso that the lands may be leased for such

term and on such conditions as may be pre-scribed by the secretary of the interior.

Senator Dawes opposed the amendment as making Indians landlords with tenantry, and

Senator Plumb asserted the obligation of

supporting, and objected to the bill as it stood

as creating a landed aristocracy among the Indians, and enabling them by their shift-

y whom they are surrounded.

A lengthy colloquy here ensued between

record of Massachusetts in the early history of the country in connection with the al-

leged extinction of the Indians within her borders.

Senator Plumb, replying to Senator Dawes's

criticisms upon the pending amendment, said he inferred from the senator's remarks that the Massachusetts people were not willing that others should observe the same rule in the treatment of the Indian that they

had observed themselves, but that having ex-tinguished the Indians of their own State in

their own way, they conceived that they were, on that account, better entitled to be

among whom the Indian now existed.

heard on the matter than were the people

ator Plumb was incorrect as to the length of the period of which he had spoken, and ad-ded that the character of Massachusetts in

ittle puny assault that the senator from

have been benefited by contact with a supe-

rior race, they would not have become ex-

ession. Senator Ingalls remarked that the Indian

Senator Dawes went on to argue that Sen-

nators Plumb, Dawes and Hoar upon the

from the house, and referred to the

O so copy, six brouths

GALLAWAY & KEATING,

GALLAWAY & Second street M. C. GALLAWAY, er Entered at the Postoffice at Mem THURSDAY : : JANUARY, 27, 1881

POSTAL-TELEGRAPHY.

Mr. Springer's resolution instructing the committee to inquire into the expediency of establishing by law a postal elegraph system under the government of the United States was presented to the house yesterday, with a recommendation that it pass, for the reason that it is evident that there is a general demand by the public for a gathering to effect a permanent organprotection in telegraph communications from | ization on February 22d-Washington's birththe extortions of a great telegraph monopoly day. Their object is to further the plan inthat absorbs all its competitors as they be- augurated by General Washington himself of come established, and thus compels a tariff founding and endowing a central university. which pays dividends on stock believed to be in which the youth of all parts of the Union largely watered; and therefore official inqui- may learn to know and esteem each other. ty should be made into the facts, and legisla- Efforts have already been made to realize in tion proposed in accordance therewith. This Washington and Lee University these ideas is the first step toward the consummation of Washington, and one principal of the a result long hoped for by the public. Pos- alumni association, now to be formed, will be to heartily co-operate with the "Centental-telegraphy is the great want of the time. in England, where it has been in force for nial Organization for the Better Endowment eleven years, it pays well, as will be seen of Washington and Lee University," by from the following tabulated statement, for bringing to the notice of the public the hiswhich we are indebted to Bradstreet;

The increase in plant has been as follows: Villes of wire in 1869. Miles of wire in 1889. Miles of submarine cables in 1869. Miles of submarine cables in 1869. liles of submarine cables in 1889 astruments in use in 1869, arts of pneumatic tubes in 1869 ards of pneumatic tubes in 1869 ards of pneumatic tubes in 1869

With a non-partisan civil service the same esults may be reached in this country. Here, even under all the untoward circumstances that have attended the telegraph usiness, it has grown wonderfully, but under the stimulus of cheap postal-telegraphy it would grow even more rapidly. The number of offices of the Western Union company between 1866 and 1880, increased from 2250 to 9077. The receipts in the former year were \$6,568,925, and the expenses \$3,944,-005; in the latter year the receipts wer \$12,782,894, and the expenses \$6,948,956. Miles Miles of line, wire.

trast the better features of the true newspaper. So long as paper is cheap and the If we add to these figures those supplied press is free, there will be blackmail and by the Atlantic and other companies, and the press is free, there will be blackmark to bration of mass are not subject to the penal bration of mass are not subject to the penal bration of mass are not subject to the penal bration of mass are not subject to the penal bration of mass are not subject to the penal bration of the laws of 1873, 1874 and 1875. ment for military purposes, aggregating indicated by Mr. Watterson, the gradual early 10,000 miles, it will readily be seen formation of a code of professional ethics, that there is a great field open to the government which will divide one class from the other as that in consequence of the amelioration of the May laws, only three per centum of the for the people as much greater than the present cheap postal service as that is by contrast with the system that made way for distinctively as air. Evaris and air. O'Conor the May laws, only three per centum of the parishes of Prussia are now without curates. The government, he said, was extremely desirous of peace, but the constant attacks by Catholics on the laws of the country was not by the railroad to be applicable to the pay-Rowland Hills's pouny postage.

THE PROBLEM OF THE AGE.

As men become more intelligent they come more impatient with the inequalities of wealth, and ask why some should be rich beyand all possible wants, while others, toiling and saving, can merely "make both ends meet." To understand the "why" involves a study that few engage in, that of political conomy. Ignorant of the laws that govern the production and accumulation of wealth some minds take refuge in the fallacies of socialism and the destructiveness of communism, while at the other end of the social scale, the most evident rules that should govern the distribution of property are set at naught, and its accumulation and transmission by entail and primogeniture contended for as if the very frame work of society were endangered by a denial of long cher-Wealth is created

in abundance and at will, so and therefore the most assured place in the public confidence. This will insure him the that abundance can be increased to any extent desired. Capital has only to supply the implements and procure the material, Labor will do all the rest and pay its own wages out of the wealth it creates. Labor receives nothing from capital but the tools it uses and goods and pay the best prices for them. the material it acts upon. Before its wages are paid it has created the wealth from which those wages come. The real question at issue between the laborer and the employer is: What proportion of the wealth labor creates shall go to the laborer? Strikes, turbances arise on this point. In these strug-Bankrupt, next Monday, has another by Mr. compelled to submit to injustice, for they who have wealth can sit idle a whole is pledged to the production, when finished, year without suffering; but they who labor of another play by Howell, Miles Standish, are reduced to famine by a month's idleness. This state of things gives the employer an advantage that, in old and densely populated countries, is too often abused to the verge of cruelty, so that honest, industrious, economical men live on the very brink of poverty, which a week's sickness or other accident or misfortune transforms to want and dependence upon charity bestowed in some form or other. We have been led to these remarks from looking over the dividends paid by some of the cottonspinning concerns at Oldham, near Manchester, England. Newspaper readers have again read the last two or three years how the English mills had been run vithout profit -often at some loss rather than let the machinery rust and the "hands" suffer starvation. Since the opening of the present year the Oldham spinning companies, among thers, have declared their dividends. For instance, the Equitable is reported as declaring twenty per cent, dividend; the Westwood, twenty per cent.; Oldham Twist, twenty; Sun Mill, twelve: Royton, twelve: Oak, twelve, and many other concerns paying like unousies. Such dividends would be considered traudsome, even with us; what are they then in a country where the bank rate is three to three and a half per cent.? The poverty and missry of the English mill hands is a proverb and a byword. "As poor as a factory worker" expresses something that is near the extreme of human misery, yet the 'cotton lords" divide their twenty per cent.

and rebellion will come, the burning of a woman to death in a similar partly by tunner and partly other cases were furnished by that city, that scheme."

lies all strikes and labor mobs. There is

shall be secured without injustice to the em-

of Margaret Spitzer kicked to death by her ausband, and an unfortunate woman who, a fit of jealous auger was thrown out of the fifth story of a tenement house, by her paramour, and now comes a revolting story A Twenty-four Hour Session of the Britof inhumanity in the Cleveland Leader, to

was released by the neighbors. Is "northern

FROM the New York World we learn that

at a recent meeting of the alumni of Wash-

a century, which belong to that venerable in-

stitution, originally founded by Washington

the north as well as at the south.

and the soldiers of the revolution, and to

A VERY significant message from Governor

a recent letter from Chicago by Mr. Henry

Watterson, published in the Louisville

Courier-Journal, says that "in some cities

there has grown up a fungus parasitic press,

living on defamation and blackmail. The

existence of this evil only brings into con-

as most of our own magazines. Harper's

Atlantic is perhaps the most national, treat-

ing everything from the Bostonian point of

view, while the others are more catholic."

ton, will hereafter import the sheets of the

Quarterly Review and the Edinburgh Review,

the best classes of the community; readers

LAURENCE BARRETT, the tragedian, who is

and publish American editions at the low

price of four dollars a year each.

civilization" a failure.

ish Parliament-Fixing up Deadthe effect that John Cummins, a farmer of Locks, After the Fashion of their well-to-do circumstances living near Amster-American Cousins-What the dam, Ohio, for some misdeed of his seven London Times Says. year old son, took the boy to the barn and nailed his tongue fast to one end of a heavy stick of wood and then tied the other end fast to the manger, and administered a most cruel beating to the boy, and left him in that condition for over two hours, and until he

Ireland Rejoicing over the Result of the Trial of the Land Leaguers-Distressing Scene at a Meeting of Poor-Law Guardians in Kerry-General Summary News.

ington and Lee University, who are resident ROME, January 26 .- It is stated that Garibaldi will not preside over the projected meeting in favor of universal suffrage. in that city and vicinity, a call was issued

FRANCE.

crew of eighteen persons were drowned; eight of the bodies were recovered. THE BOER REPUBLIC.

avorable reception of his envoys by the kke toric and patriotic associations of more than dive. INDIA. BOMBAY, January 26 .- A report has been ceived from Singapore that the local trad-

ing steamer had capsized. Seventy bodies have been recovered. Many others were cardraw to it the attention of men of thought at ried away by the current. TURKEY. CONSTANTINOPLE, January 26 .- Hobart

Churchill was received by the legislature of Pasha telegraphs denying the statement of a correspondent at Athens that there are only Arkansas on Monday last, embodying a letter from Jay Gould, in which that very enter-1,200 troops in Thessaly. He says that the Furkish army on the Greek frontier is nearly prising speculator reports having heard four times that strength, and in a condition utimations of legislation calculated to check to meet any number Greece can bring against his efforts to extend connections and develop sections of Arkansas now practically inac-

MADRID, January 26.—The last annual meeting of the Spanish abolitionist society was attended by the Brazilian Deputy Senor cessible, and hoping that the governor would counsel such wisdom in legislation as will attract capital and promote settlements and obuco and several West Indian deputies, improvements, rather than drive them away. who made elequent speeches in favor of slave emancipation, and bitterly denounced the cruelty of existing Cuban legislation. The efforts of the abolitionists would, they You have a great State. The next decade will bring you, with a liberal policy, rapidly forward, and I am disposed to aid in doing said, have the hearty sympathies of the great mass of the people of the United States, who long since solved the slavery problem. it." The governor, advising conservative action in regard to the railroads, such as will not retard their growth or interfere with Rains and floods continue in the south of their extension, suggests that the interests of the people must not be lost sight of.

Spain. In Ebro valley the damage is very heavy. Near Eurgos, Valladolid and Bilboo it surpasses that of the Murcian disaster. The snowfall is the severest experienced for THE New York Herald, commenting upon thirty years.

GERMANY BERLIN, January 26,-Many agricultura ists are earnestly complaining against the importation into Germany of American pro-

luctions, which, they say, seriously affects The lower house of the Prussian diet today discussed a resolution introduced on the fourteenth instant by Windthorst, the leader f the Catholic party, declaring that the ad-Mr. Puttkamer, minister of ecclesiastical af-fairs, opposed the resolution. He allowed

THE London Bookseller says that in Great The debate on Herr Windtherst's resolu-Britain "Scribner's Monthly has as large a sale ion lasted five hours and a half. Ultimately, a second reading was appointed for Thursday. All the speakers, except those of the pose. But it is also understood that if the Magazine is now running against Scribner, while Lippincott and the Atlantic are endeav-

oring to secure friendly recognition. The Sr. Peterseuro, January 26,-The Agence at Constantinople. Each ambassador will treat with the porte separately, the negotia-In return for this partiality for American magazines, Houghton, Mifflin & Co., of Bostions to be simultaneous but not collective. General Skobeloff telegraphs from Geokti pe announcing that the Russians that day hours desperate fight, and that the Tekke Tur-comons are in full retreat. Their loss was

Twelve thousand soldiers who have been A MERCHANT in selecting an advertising enstructing a railway at Kizil Urvat, have medium should be guided by the same reamoved toward the front. Two battalious are for immediate transportation from sons as govern an ordinary buyer-get the General Skobeloff telegraphs further from He should buy the space he wants in the newspaper having the largest circulation, and therefore the most assured place in the and therefore the most assured place in the most

public confidence. This will insure him the cannon, ammunition and provisions. Our greatest number of readers; readers among loss is now being ascertained. Our troops

that are among the best and most frequent Dublin, January 26.—Assoon as the result of the state trial was made known, Dungar-vintown was brilliantly illuminated, bands paraded the streets, the mention of the purchasers, who buy the greatest quantity of about to begin a southern tour with Howell's | rounding hills were ablaze for twenty miles. A Kanturk, county Kerry, correspondent play, Yorick's Love, says, through the Boston thus describes a remarkable scene at a meet-Times, that he has done remarkably well this year; that he has an excellent company, and was bitter cold and about 200 famished per sons stood without the workhouse, where the the play is one that grows upon the people. guardians met. Among them were eighty stalwart but hungry looking laborers, who loudly demanded work. The guardians He contemplates introducing a new play, Young, Pendragon, under consideration, and could give them none. In the midst of the neeting word was brought that the laborers were forcing their way into the building. Business was suspended and dead silence prefounded on incidents in the life of one of the vailed. Immediately afterward footsteps were heard ascending the stairs. The door greatest of the founders of New England. was almost taken from its hinges with the kicking and pushing it received from THE New York World says that "Bardwell Slote," the congressman of Mr. Florence's heard calling on the guardians to open the play of the Mighty Dollar, was drawn from door and give them relief. The door was opened by Mr. Cauliffe, one of the guardians, who was about to leave the room when he

Philetus Sawyer, a Vermonter, who was in the lumber business at Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was thrown back and informed that neither and a representative-from the district in he nor any guardian in the room should which that city is situated-to the thirtyleave until they had done something for them. The passage on the stairs was throughd with sullen, famished-looking men. A scene of confusion ensued which lasted ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second and forty-third congresses. He has been recently elected to the United States senate. The several minutes. In the back-ground some Mighty Dollar, notwithstanding the portraitpoor fellows were weeping. After some time the men got to understand that they could ure in question, was much admired by "the find bread and tea in the hall, and that their families would receive outdoor relief for a week. The besieged guardians were, on this THE second volume of Kosenth's Memoirs. nderstanding, allowed to go uninterrupted. It is stated on official authority that elajust published at Pesth, describes the preparations made by him and Cavour for orate preparations are making at Mount joy prison, where the former habeas corpu-prisoners were confined, for the reception of a second Austro-Italian war after Villafranca, which were brought to a sudden terlarge number of Irish inmates. mination by the death of Cayour, Italy

prehended Fenian disturbances.

lords because of ill health, says it is perfect-

The commander of the volunteers at New

attempt would be made to blow up the armory there, and precautions have been

At the Land Leagus meeting to-day Macken, a juryman in the late trials, was proposed for membership by Davitt. The nomination was seconded by Sullivan, M.P., was furnish from 30,000 to 40,000 soldiers and 10,000,000 francs for a Hungarian uprising. Victor Emanuel, the book avers, amid lond cheers. said he was willing to risk his crown in the . ENGLAND. LONDON, January 26.-The cold weather acreases in intensity.
Alfred Elmore, the historical painter, is Ar the reception given the Ohio editors in dead. He was born in 1815, at Clonakilty, ounty Cork, Ireland.

General Colley telegraphs that he has ched the Ingago river without opposition.

risiting Washington on Monday, Senator ferred to Secretary Sherman as the superior of Alexander Hamilton; to Mrs. Hayes as The Boer patrols are four miles distant. the Martha Washington of the White House: Does labor, in this case, get its due share in to General Sherman as a matchless chieftain the distribution of the wealth that labor has and was full of laudation for the President created? The distribution of wealth is the and otherwise extravagant in complimentary great question that lies before the civilized allusions to other distinguished gentlemen world. It is the center and kernel of the Irish question, it is the problem that under-

gentleman from Oshkosh."

wealth enough for every man, woman and alarming extent. Since January 1st there child. How it shall be distributed so that a have been fifty fatal cases of small-pox sufficiency for the comfort of every laborer nearly 400 of scarlet fever, and as many more of diphtheria. Typhoid fever, measles ployers of labor is the point that has to be and meningetis have carried off about 125, real character of the agitation. If no supsettled, and fairly, or sedition, conspiracy Of course the poor suffer most. They always pay with their lives the penalty of dirt.

THE Tehuantepee Interoceanic Railroad us within the past two weeks through the company is in the market with \$3,000,000 ent who inquired as to the truth of the ru- industrious. blood. First, we have the case of that guarantees of the Mexican government, pseudo-philanthropist, the she-devil, Mrs. Eads is evidently not frightened by the fail-Allen, who was systematically starving Mary | ure of congress to grant him the \$50,000,000 Hammel, then there was the burning of subsidy, by the popularity of the Nicaraguan Mrs. Curtis to death by a friend of her own interoceanic canal scheme, nor the Panama taken accordingly.

sex, who poured coal-oil over the poor creature, set fire to it, and deliberately waited for a result that was reached in nameless agonies and contortions, not one of which had any effect to stay the murderer's hair or wrench a moment's sympathy, and the third case was moment's sympathy, and the third case was moment's sympathy, and the third case was moment's agonies and contortions of a woman to death in a similar of a woman to death of the adjournment of debate.

Mr. Byrne, home-ruler, renewed the motion for the adjournment of debate.

Mr. Byrne, home-ruler, renewed the motion of the adjournment of debate.

Mr. Gindstone declared that if the debate and the proceeded without obstruction, the government of word that if the debate and the proceeded without obstruction for the adjournment of debate and the proceede

the house had decided on Gladstone's original XLVITH CONGRESS. FOREIGN AFFAIRS. Several Irish members continued the dis

The repeated motions for adjournment noved by the home-rulers are successfully moved by the home-rulers are successfully resisted by the government, with the assistance of the conservatives, which, early in the morning, was promised by Sir Stafford Northcote, conservative leader, amid loud cheers from both sides.

Mr. Parnell arrived in the house shortly

Mr. Parnell arrived in the house shortly after 10 o'clock this a.m., and was enthusiastically received by his supporters.

2 p.m.—The house was still sitting at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The discussion is practicably confined to the Irish members, who are repeatedly called to order. The debate is good humored, however. The deputy-speaker has relieved the speaker. Gladstone re-entered the house at 10:20 this morning, and was loudly cheered.

The chief secretary for Ireland has been absent four hours during the night. The conservative leaders are working by relays.

Gladstone, about 1 o'clock this evening, de-clared he could not accept the compromise, but if the vote was then taken on the main question, the adjourned debate on Forester's bill could be resumed to-morrow, to-day's sit-PARIS, January 26.—A boat used for har-bor work at Cherbourg has foundered. The crew of eighteen persons were drowned; eight of the bodies were recovered.

The speeches of the Irish members were mostly rambling and uninteresting.

Dawson, liberal member for Carlow borough, said that Forster was seeking to impose laws against which the country would rise

The house divided at 2 p.m., and Glad-stone's motion to give precedence to Forster's protection bills was carried—yeas, 251; nays, The house adjourned until Thursday.

The home-rule members held a meeting yesterday, at which they resolved to permit a division on Gladstone's resolution during the week, probably on Thursday, but decided to oppose the coercion bills to the last ex-The Times, in a leading article discussing

gan" electoral resolution. prepared for the painful necessity which may think there can be any substantial difficulty among sensible men in adopting means to prevent parliamentary institutions from be-ing nullified and turned into a laughing-

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC ROAD that the last vote showed the presence of a necessful in its Efforts to Secure the

Distribution of a Three Per Cent.

Dividend

To its Stockholders by Giving Security to the Government for Reimbursement-A Quassi Compromise.

Washington, January 26.—The confer-nce of the government officials and the rep-esentatives of the Central Pacific railroad impany was resumed at the department of tice this morning. Shortly after the gen-men engaged in the conference left the deartment of justice for the department of the aterior, where the conference was continued. A recess was taken at 1;10 p.m., and the mment officials and the representative f the road retired to separate rooms. See etary Schurz said that the matter is not ve in shape to make public. Further than thi he could say nothing. A number of gentle-men are in waiting for the decision. THE COMPROMISE.

After the conference adjourned the following statement was made public by Attorney ment of dividends, are properly so applicable. It is understood that the United States will file a bill to test the question whether such sums person- interested in the railroad shall give ond that, in case it is finally decided that such sums should not be used for the pay-ment of dividends, they will restore them to he treasury of the company, that an immediate injunction will not be pressed for, and that the matter will await final decision upon oun of \$750,000. Under these circumstances the lemen interested in the matter are ampl is required.

DANA DECLINES.

Why the Sun Which "Shines for All. Refuses to Shine for Mr. Hayes.

The following, in double-leaded type, blished in Saturday's New York Sun Bosros December 27 1880 bear Siz-Only three persons have ever sea-chosen Fresident of the United States who have re-ceived a degree in course in Harvard University. These are John Adams, John Quincy Adams and President Hayes, who took our degree of LL.D. is regular course. In Memorial Hall, at Cambridge are fine portraits of the Adamses, one by Cople-and one, in part, by Stewart. We have thought it would be a good thing to obtain a good portrait of President Hayes for the same hall, while he is yet President. With this view we propose a sub-scription among the dissing, not to exceed in an case ten dollars, so that the invitation to him to sti for his pacture may come from a large number

his fenow. Please address
abscription? Please address
w. AMORY.
AMOS A. LAWRENCE,
EDWARD E. HALE,
JOHN LOWELL,
JOSEPH H. CHOATE.

NEW YORK, January 21, 1881 tion of December 27th, inviting the 10 join in as subscription to procure a portrait of Mr.; Ratherford E. Hayes, to place in the Memorial fail of Harvard University at Cambridge, along with the portraits of John Adams and John Quiney Adams, Presidents of the United States and graduates of the university. I decline to join in such a subscription. I am not willing to do suything that may be designed or construed as a compliment to Mr. Hayes, or that may recognize his tenure of the executive office at Washington as anything other than an event of dishonor. He was not chosen President. He was defeated in the election, and then a band of conspiritors, Mr. Hayes himself conspiring and contributions, which have a band of conspiritors, Mr. Hayes himself conspiring and contributions, which have a band of conspiritors, and the law, and making use of forgery, perjury and false counting, secured for him possession of the Presidency to which another man had been elected; and when he had got possession of it, his most tedious care was to repay with offices and emoluments these authors, managers and agents of the conspiracy to whom he had been chiefly indebted for its lufamous success. Sooner than honorably commemorate such an event, or do public homage to such a man, leg you, gentlemen, with your own hands first to destroy the portraits of John Adams and John Quincy Adams in Memorial hall, and then to raze to the ground the hall itself. How great an insult you are proposing to the two lituatious Presidents of the name of Adams is made manifest by the following words from the son of the one and the grandson of the other. "I think Mr. Hayes was elected by a frand, and I do not mean to have it said that at the next election I had for some and the form of the one and the party. I have no ennulty to Mr. Hayes, but after the fraud by which he became President, I could not vote for any person put up for President on the Republican side who did not disavow the fraud committed. I would not support any member of that party who had an

Immigrants to the South From Italy Louisiana is rejoicing over the prospective success of a movement initiated, some time ago, to substitute Italians for colored labor in its cotton and cane fields. The first installand ten in number, reached New Orleans a few days before Christmas, and it is reporte! that other laborers of the same class are ex-pected in large numbers during the winter ntaining arms at the tower of London, have ed to the public on account of apand spring. Heretofore the drift of Italian emigration has been toward South America Heretofore the drift of Italian An advance of seven and a half per cent and principally to the Argentine republic of which Buenos Ayres is the capital, and the in wages have been conceeded by the Clyde province of that name the richest province. The climate there approximates so closely with that of southern Italy that it agrees well with the emigrants from the latter kingdom. Whether they will find that of Louisiana ency of ordinary law to repress illegal organizations and agitations of large dimensions. But the perplexity of the Dublin jury will not prevent Englishmen from formequally well-suited to them, or the labor in the cotton and cane fields congenial to their habits and constitutions, must necessarily be at present a matter of doubt. The attempt to introduce Chinese labor into Louisiana failed signally. The present attempt to subing their own conclusions in regard to the plementary legislation is forthcoming, the mis-carriage of the Dublin trial will be hailed stitute Italian for negro labor may fare better It is at all events an interesting experiment, for all accounts agree that as a lab the Italian is honest, frugal, temperate and

CLEVELAND, January 26.—A convention of vessel-owners was held here to-day. The owners present were from Milwaukee, Detroit. Sandusky, Black River and Cleveland, Those expected from other lake ports did not ar-rive. Rules embodying the objects of the

negatived on a division—ayes 19 nays 26.
Senator Booth, from the committee on appropriations, reported with amendment the ague.

appropriation bill. Placed on OVER IN ARKANSAS. Senator Kernan's motion was then agreed to and the senate went into executive ses-sion and when the doors were reopened ad-

A YARD WIDE AND ALL WOOL. But His Time Had Come, and he Walke Out of the World with His

Porter Stockton, the Terror of New Mexico, Went to Earth Under a Shower of Leaden Hail. February 9th Proposed as the Day for Opening and Counting the Electoral Durango Record, January 7th: "Porter Stockton, ex-marshal of Animas City, met Vote-The Ladian Land-in-Sever-

his death at his ranch in New Mexico, thirty-five miles down the Animas, on Tuesday, Jan uary 4th, at the hands of a party of eighteen, who called for the purpose of exterminating him. They surrounded his house, and Stock-ton and wife both came to the door, armed with rifles. Both sides opened fire, and Stock-ton fell pierced with eighteen bullets. His wife, who had fired one shot, was struck in the abdomen by a splinter from the stock of her rifle, which had received a bullet. At last Washington, January 26.—On motion of Mr. Sapp, the bill passed granting to Council Bluffs Carr lake, near that city. A motion to dispense with the morning hour was defeated—80 to 82—and the speaker accounts she was living, but no hopes are en-tertained of her recovery, as she was in a delicate state of health at the time of receiving the wound. Porter Stockton, who is well directed the clerk to finish the reading of the THE BOER REPUBLIC.

CAPETOWN, January 26.—A skirmishing party from Governor Sir George Colley's force, has come in sight of the Boer patrol. A battle is expected to-morrow.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, January 26.—King John, of Abyssinia, has decided to send an important of the Conservatives to continue the search of the Conservatives to continue the country would rise of the conservative to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the conservative to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the conservative to continue the expediency of establishing a telepring to the conservative to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the conservative to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the conservative to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the country the country that the could not accept a compromise, was in reply to a suggestion of Parnell that a directing the postoffice committee to inquire into the expediency of establishing a telepring to the expediency of establishing a telepring to the expediency of establishing known, has been a terror to the community wherever he has lived, and lays claim to the morning hour.

Mr. Money reported back the resolution graphic postal system under the government of the United States, and also into the coat of reproducing facilities for transmitting telegraphic messages equal to those now possessed by existing corporations, and into the cost of operating the same, and granting to that committee leave to send for persons and papers. Placed on the house calendar. papers. Placed on the house calendar.

Mr. Wilson, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported back adversely the bill authorizing the President to negotiate for lands for the colonization of the colored people.

Luid on the table. Laid on the table.

Mr. Bicknell-called up the resolution proposing a joint rale for counting the electoral vote. After some time spent in vain to arrive ator. Seeing some one who resembled Hurat some determination in reference to the time to be consumed in debate, Mr. Bicknell demanded the previous question—the "Morricane Blil, he blazed away and laid him low
—but it happened to be a disinterested party
altogether. It counted a man, however. At Animas City, he nearly pounded the life out of a negro barber, and then fired his revolver at him, the ball grazing the negro's scalp— Mr. Conger raised the question of consideration. The vote by division stood 119 to 110 in favor of taking up the electoral resolution.

Messrs, Stephens, Felton and Speer voted with the Republicans.

Mr. Stockton moved out of that burg immetically all the state grazing the negro's scalp—all because he did not give him a clean shave.

Mr. Stockton moved out of that burg immetically all the state grazing the negro's scalp—all the state grazing the neg the Republicans.

Mr. Bicknell again demanded the previous

Den Gannon, the horse thief. The immediate question, pending which

Mr. Conger moved there be a call of the cause of the visitation on him and his household, was the threats he had lately made

> TOO MUCH BUSINESS. ockade of Streets in New York by

ted that he had better receive a

against the lives of a half dozen of the com

munity. As he never went back on his word in that respect, it was deemed by the gentle

quietus. Therefore the expedition."

Trucks and Floats-More Trade than there is Room to Handle.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The blockade of traffic on the streets in the lower part of the city continued yesterday until 7 o'clock in the evening. This morning shippers sent in the evening. This morning shippers sent out their trucks with goods at an early hour, but gained little advantage, as the blockade began again at about 9 o'clock, and at noon was about as it was at the same hour yesterday. There is every indication that this afternoon and to-night the streets will be more completely blocked than they were yesterday. This blockade extended along Canal street from Broadway to West street and was more than a quorum present, but more than two-thirds of all the house—a sufficient num-ber to meet every requirement of the consti-Mr. Conger appealed from the decision, which appeal
Mr. Blount moved to lay upon the table.
The Republicans refused to vote upon this motion, and the house was thereby left with terday. This blockade extended along Canal street from Broadway to West street, and was caused by the large number of trucks shipping goods. On the New York Central railroad an unbroken line of cars extended up and down the street. Along West Broadway, along West street, and the streets in the neighborhood of Washington mar-Mr. Conger raised the point of order of no prorum, and a call of the house was ordered.

The call disclosed the presence of 250 members, and all proceedings under the call having been dispensed with, the question recurred on the motion to table the appeal from the speaker's decision, and again no Broadway said: "I have seen many bad Broadway said: "I have seen many bad but never one equal to this, for it has con-tinued now for two weeks, and seems to grow the house found itself in exactly the same situation in which it had been three hours worse instead of better.

MORE NERVE THAN BRAIN.

Singular Cause of Death to a United

St. Louis, January 26,-Archibald Gibson second lieutenant of the Seventh United States cavalry, son of Charles Gibson, a prominent lawyer of this city, died at the residence of his father this morning.

Lieutenant Gibson died of inflammation of the brain, believed to be the result of circumstances which occurred while he was at West Point. One day while on parade a spider Senator Ingalls submitted a resolution as follows: That the senate be ready to receive the house of representatives in the senate been injured by scarlet fever. By the rules he was not allowed to raise his hand, and he

m., for the purpose of being present at the opening and counting of the votes for President and Vice-President of the United States, and that two persons be appointed tellers on the part of the senate, to make out a list of the votes for President and Vice-President of the United States, and that two persons be appointed tellers on the part of the senate, to make out a list of the votes for more than an hour, while the spider worked its way into the ear. When dismissed his ear was full of blood, and the insect could not be removed for several days. This caused a corrosion of bone than an hour, while the spider worked its way into the ear. otes for President and Vice-President of next to the brain and gave him a good deal thern Dakota, however, and after performing considerable service, and suffering from severe attack of sickness he came home, ex-pecting to resign, but as it proved only t

ournals; and if it shall appear that a choice has been made agreeably to the constitution, Rumored Dissolution CHICAGO, January 26.—The Evening Jo nal learns from a trustworthy source that the Senator Harris reported favorably the bill who are the leading wholesale and retail dry goods merchants of this city, is about to dissolve, L. Z. Leither going out and a new firm being organized as Marshall, Field & Co. The dissolution will be perfectly amicable, and is only effected through business reasons. The members of the firm will neither affirm relating to the quartermaster stores furnished the forces of General Lew Wallace during posed to call up the naval appropriation bill o-day, but would defer it until to-morrow if nor deny the statement, nor give the particupending Indian land-in-severalty bill would

Ohio Encampment G. A. R. COLUMBUS, January 26.—The Ohio mpment of the Grand Army of the Repub-assembled here to-day, about 200 delegates being present. The morning was occ officers. The report of the department com-mander shows thirty-two posts in the State, was then resumed, the question being upon Senator Morgan's amendment adding a proviso to the amendment of Senator Hoar conferring citizenship upon the Indians taktwenty-four of which were organized last year. The increase in membership during the same period was 1138. The receipts fo the year were \$1893, and the disbursem

Another Report from Sitting Bull St. PAUL, MINN., January 26,-The Pio neer Press has just received from its Fort Buford special advices from a runner, who reports that he learned at Woody Mountain that Sitting Bull had surrendered to the which provides for the issue of patents for Canadian mounted police, and proposes to land in the name of allottees, and that the ge to Buford under their escort, for fear of lands shall be inalienable and free of taxa- bodily harm. The report lacks official confirmation, but looks reasonable in the light of late official advices.

Commendable Enthusiasm CINCINNATI, January 26.—General A. T. Foshon paid fifty dollars for the choice of proscenium boxes were next sold, the pre-miums ranging from \$210 for the first choice relation between them and the communities whom they are surrounded.

A lengthy colloquy here ensued between A Cocon, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped. Neglect frequenlly results in

incurable lung disease or consumption. Brown's Bronchial Troches do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsams, but act directly on the inflamed parts, allaying inflammation, give relief to Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Catarrh and the Throat Troubles which singers and public speaker are subject to. Sold at 25c a box everywhere. Heavy Snow in New York. WATERTOWN, January 26.—Nearly a foot of snow fell here to-day. The streets are in a terrible condition and many country roads are impassable. A large number of men are

engaged in shoveling snow from the house-tops to prevent their being crushed. All freight trains are abandoned and the express trains running very irregularly. Buried in a Coal Mine. WILKESBARRE, Pa., January 26.—The largest fall of top coal and rock ever known in this valley occurred in the Empire mines this afternoon. Two thousand tons fell, Kansas, or any peer of his on the floor could make upon her buckler.

Senator Plumb proceeded to argue that the son Thomas. Hundreds of meu are at work

Indians had certainly been entirely climi-nated from that section of country which in-is not yet known. Smallpox in a Penitentiary. DesMoines, IA., January 26.—Sm. as broken out in the penitentiary at Fort Madison, this State, creating great excite-ment and panic. All the foremen of contracts of work have fled, and work generally has been abandoned. It is believed that the

REED'S Gilt Edge Tonic cures fever and

Gould Jogs the Memory of the General Assembly of our Sister State, Reminding it that He is Interested in her Railroad System.

Formation of a Mammoth Combination to Promote Immigration to Arkansas, Texas and West Louisiana-A Good Scheme Worthy of Encouragement.

From the Little Rock Gazette, of Tuesday, JAY GOULD TO GOVERNOR CHURCHILL. During Monday's session of the house of representatives, Hon. R. H. Johnson, private secretary to Governor Churchill appeared with the annexed message from the execu-

MR. PRESIDENT-Inasmuch as the matter of railroads was brought to your notice by my predecessor in his biennial message, and was likewise suggested by me in my inaugural address as a proper subject for serious consideration at your hands, and as the press and people at large are discussing the sub-ject in all its bearings, I have thought it proper for me to transmit to you a copy of a telegram received from Jay Gould, of New York, which is as follows: New York, January 22-6 p.m. His Excellency T. J. Churchill, Governor of Ar-

His Excellency T. J. Churchill, Governor of Arkausas:
Having invested, with several friends, millions of dollars in railroads in Arkausas, and intending immediately to improve these roads, build new branches, to open inaccessible portions of your State, to offer more liberal inducements to settlers to go there, I regret to hear that illiberal legislation is now proposed. If enacted, it will cheek our intended new investments there. I hope you will counsel such wisdom in legislation as will attract capital and promote settlements and improvements, rather than drive it away. You have a great State. The next decade will bring you, with a liberal policy, rapidly forward, and I am disposed to aid in doing it.

As it is evident that it was intended by As it is evident that it was intended by

As it is evident that it was intended by him that the contents of the telegram should be made known to you, I submit it for your consideration, expressing the hope, however, that your actions, whatever they may be, will be wise and liberal, believing, as I do, that any unfriendly legislation in regard to railroads at the present time would retard the prosperity and the progress of the State for years to come.

The configuration Premature Decline; Consumption:
Bronchitis; Asthma; Bleeding from the
Lungs; Palpitation, Feeble and Interrupted Action of the Heart; Dull or
Singgish Action of the Liver; Dyspepsia;
Flatulence, and all Wasting Diseases;
Weakness and Trembling of the Liberases,
and Want of Vitality in any Organ, or
Disease caused by such Want of Vitality
ARE ALL SUCCESSFULLY AND RAPIDLY TREATED BY TRIS REMEDY. T. J. CHURCHILL, The message and accompanying telegram were referred to the committee on railroads.

A BIG IMMIGRATION SCHEME.

Yesterday a communication was received by Governor Churchill, which gave notice of DR. HOWE'S TEXTIMONY.

MR. JAMES I. FELLOWS.— "wring the past two years I have given your Compound Syru of Hypoghosphites a fair though somewhat seven trial in my praetice, and am able to speak with confidence of its effects. In restoring persons suffering from emactation and the debility following Diphtheria, it has done wonders. I constantly recommend its use in all affections of the throat and lungs. In several cases considered hopeless, it has given relief, and the patients are fast recovering. Among these are consumptive and old bronchial subjects, whose diseases have resisted the other modes of treatment. For impaired digestion, and in fact for debility from any cause, I know of nothing equal to it. Its direct effect in strengthening the nervous system, renders it suitable fer the majority of diseases. I am, sir, yours truly. an important combination of southwestern railroad companies, for the purpose of in-ducing immigration to the southern States. The movement includes several powerful railroad organizations, among which is the St. Louis, Irou Mountain and Southern company, and the effects on the future opening up of the vast territory through which the railroads pass will be most important. The communication to Governor Churchill asks co-operation with the project on the part of the State. It is as follows:

OFFICE SOUTHWESTERN IMMIGRATION CO.,)
AUSTIN, TEXAS, January 19, 1881.)
His Excellency Thomas J. Churchill. Governor of

Arkansas:

DEAR SIR—The Missouri Pacific, Kansas and Texas, St. Louis, Iron Monntain and Southern, Texas and Pacific, International and Great Northern, Guil, Colorado and Santa Fe, and Dallas and Wichita railroad companies have combined their immigration interests and organized the Southwestern immigration company, incorporated under the general laws of the State of Texas, and are supporting it with a large sum of money for the purpose of inducing immigration to the States of Arkansas, Texas and west Louisiana. The importance of this movement must be apparent to you. It is the intention of those who inauguritied the movement to enlist all the railroads in the above named States in one general and continuous object to accomplish its purpose—the settlement of the southwest. I trust the worthy purpose of the company will receive your

adopted in regard to immigration. If, however, it will only cause all statistics to be gathered relating to the industrial pursuits, and the mineral, agricultural and other resources and have them collated and published for distribution, it would facilitate this company in presenting your State to the people of other countries. I shall leave here in a few days for New York city, where I shall open a large office for the display of specimens of the productions of the States of Arkansas, Texas and Louislava, as well as to vigorously work to turn the tide of immigration to the southwest. I shall also place active and industrious agents throughout the United States and continental Europe, and it is hoped that I shall be sustained by a hearty, cordial sentiment in your State, approving of my mostives, and that I will be suspiciented by such active material co-operation by your State as will enable me to command success. On my return from New York I will call and confer with you on this subject. You can address me at the Metropolitan hotel, Broadway, New York, for the next twenty days. Truly yours, WM. W. LANG, President

PERSONAL POINTS.

Mrs. M. E. Johnson died in Nashville Monday, aged sixty years. Mrs. Susan Bryant died at Chattanooga Monday, aged seventy-four. James A. Moore, an aged citizen of Anderson county, Tennessee, died last week. The wife of Rev. B. L. Clayton died at her home near Tupelo, Mississippi, last week. Mrs. F. E. Rodgers, of Dorsey county, Arkansas, has sued for a divorce. Nannie W. Winkle, of Arkadelphia, Arkansas, has made a quilt containing 11,200

Judge E. R. Walker died a few days ago

Denton, Texas.

Mr. P. G. S. Perkins, a member of the Nashville bar, died Sunday morning, aged about sixty years. Rev. C. M. Gordon, formerly of Meridian, Mississippi, has taken charge of the Baptis church of Okolona. Rev. Wiley B. Snell, a veteran Methodist minister of Bedford county, died last Tuesday, at the age of eighty-two.

Rev. John Buchanan, a prominent Cum berland Presbyterian minister, died at Bates ville, Arkansas, last Thursday. IS A THOROUGH REMEDY Rev. John R. Goodpasture has call to the pastorate of the Clarksville (Tenn. Cumberland Presbyterian church. In every case of Malarial Fever, and Fever and Ague, while for disorders of the stomach, toroidity Mrs. Catherine Bruce died at Nashville Sa irday. She was the relict of the late James R. Bruce, of the press of that city. Mrs. A. W. Gloster, of Gallatin, Tenne

see, has in her possession two tidies made from a silk dress worn by the mother of Dick Parker and Miss Mayo, of Guntown Mississippi, eloped a short time since and went to Little Rock with the intention of being married, but by the time they arrived there the young lady changed her mind and went to the residence of a family in that city to remain until she could return home.

George Smithson and Mrs. Bettie Dunn were married in the jail yard at Nashville CINCINNATI, January 26.—General A. T. Monday. The former is confined on the Goshon paid fifty dollars for the choice of seats at the auction sale this morning for the met him in the jail at Gallatin, where she coming opera festival in Music hall. Six was paying a charitable visit. She aided him to escape; he was afterward recaptured, tried and convicted, but taking an appeal to the supporting, and objected to the bill as it stood as creating a landed aristocracy among the second as creating a landed aristocracy among the foliation of the sixth. Mr. C. B. Smith, of Keokuk, Iowa, and Mr. Turner, of Seylessness to lock up yast domains against cultivation, thus making a constant source of irritation between them and the communities. The remainder were bought by Cincinnatians.

The sale continues to-day and to-morrow. an appeal to the supreme court, before which tribunal he is now awaiting a hearing. A POCKET full of money amounts to little

when health is gone. To enjoy life, a good appetite, sound digestion and elastic limbs, take Tutt's Pills. Then, if you are poor, you will be happy; if rich, you can enjoy your money. They dispel low spirits and give buoyancy to mind and body. Port Levden Iron Works Burned

WATERTOWN, N. Y., January 26 .- The stockhouse, casthouse and elevator of Port Leyden iron works burned.

To all who are suffering from the errors and is

discretions of youth, nervous weakness, early do

cay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that

will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Innan. Station D., New York City

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE. Non-Resident Notice.

No. 3829—In the Chancery Court of Shelby county, Tennessee—George T. Pittman vs. The Reversible Cotton Tie Company et al.

It appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, The Reversible Cotton Tie Company, of New York, is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee; that this cause was instituted by complainant November 27, 1880, on affidavit that said defendant is indebted to complainant in the sum of about \$1263 for commissions, etc., unpaid, as per account and allegations in said bill; that a writ of attachment has been issued and returned levied on the property of defendant in the hands of J. T. Fargason & Co.:

It is therafore ordered. That it make its appearance heroin, at the courthouse of Shelby county, in Memphis, Tonnessee, on or before the first Monday in February, 1881, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to it and set for hearing exparte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week, for four successive weeks, in the Memphis Appeal. This 28th day of December, 1880.

A copy—attest: R. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master.

A copy—attest: R. J. BLACK, Clerk and Master. J. M. Gregory, Sol. for Complete.

TUTT'S PILLS. ₹25¢. Reader I fine you caught a cold it is result in consumption, when if applied promptly, would have danger. For twenty-five cents t the remedy which the test of a has proved to be the most val-planam ever it. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT Will enable you to raise the phlegm, cause pleasant sleep and you will wake in the morning, cough gone, lungs working freely, and breathing easy. It is a preventive and care for croup and a pleasant cordial. Children love it. No family should be without it. Sold by druggists in 25c and \$1 bottles. Principal office 35 Murray St., New York.

HYPOPHOSPHITES.

PREMATURE DECLINE, ETC

DR. HOWE'S TESTIMONY.

WM. S. HOWE, M. D.

Bo Do not be deceived by remedies bearing a sim
flar name; no other preparation is a substitute
for this, under any circumstances. Sa

Price—S1 50 per Bottle. Six for S7 50

SOLD BY ALL DRUGUISTS.

BITTERS.

HOSTETTER'S

GILT-EDGE TONIC.

GILT EDGE

LIVER PAD.

HOLMAN'S

PAD

The ONLY TRUE MALARIAL ANTIDOTE

DR. HOLMAN'S PAD Is no guess-work remedy-no

ceble imitative experiment-no purloined hodge-

odge of some other inventor's ideas; it is the

originaland only genuine curative Pad,

the only remedy that has an honestly-acquired

right to use the title-word " Pad " in connection

ach, Liver and Spicen.

By a recently perfected improvement, effected by

he addition of vegetable ingredients of newly-dis-

with a treatment for chronic diseases of the Sto m

CURES

without

Medicine.

SIMPLY

by

Absorption

ELLOWS

3d Prize, \$2,500. **And Whole Tickets** A safe and gentle purgative, recommended for the cure of all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels. They purify the blood, Increase the appetite, cause the body to Take on Flesh, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. As a cure for Chills and Fewer, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Billious Colle, Constipation, Rheumatism, Piles, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, and Female Irregularities, they are without a rival. If you do not "feel very well," a single pill at bed-time stimulates the stomach, restores the appetite, and imparts vigor to the system Price 25c. Office, 35 Murray St., New York. Only \$1. Address All Orders to G. UPINGTON, 599 Broadway, New York M. J. RICHWOYD. J. E. FRANCE. 357 Second street, Memphi

CHAMPAGNE. THIS WINE IS NOTED FOR PURITY, FLAVOR TASTE. MADE FROM THE BEST Selected Grapes ITS PURITY COMMENDS IT

Covington, Kentucky.

LOTTERY.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY

Chance to Make Something

Gives Everybody a

In the Drawing of

Out of His Investment

There are no less than

Together to \$60,800.

1st Prize, \$15,000.

2d Prize, \$5,000.

1876 Prizes, Amounting

THE WELL! It is packed in cases, dozen quarte, and I dozen wints, and sold at about ME-HALF the COST of OFFICE OF U.S. ACENT, 213 N. 2d st., St. Louis

FOR SALE BY

B.J. SEMMES & CO EXTRA DRY J. D. H. MEYER, MEMPHIS, TENN. SEEDSMEN.

SEEDSMEN 232 Main St., nearly opp. Old Stand

guist's Celebrated Garden Seeds SEED POTATOES A SPECIALTY **New CROP GRASS SEEDS** Clover. Timothy, Orchard, Herds

ONION SETS. Red Rust Proof, White and Black SEED OATS.

DISTRIBUTION COMPANY. 28th

POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE Commonwealth Distribution Co. MONDAY, JANUARY 21, 1881.

1 Prize
1 Prize
1 Prize
10 Prizes \$1000 each
20 Prizes \$500 each
200 Prizes 100 each
200 Prizes 100 each
200 Prizes 50 each
600 Prizes 20 each
1000 Prizes 10 each
APPROXIMATION PRIZES,
9 Prizes \$300 each
9 Prizes 100 each

.8112,400

FRANKLIN 168 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. ALLISON, SMITH & JOHNSON.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

SOUPS. TOMATO, MOCK TURTLE, ON TAIL, JULIENNE, PEA, MACA BONI, Beef, Vermicelli, Sour and Bouilli, Chicken, Muttor

LOTTERY. The LITTLE HAVANA COMPANY

Royal Havana Extraordinary Lettery TAKES PLACE FEBRUARY 1, 1881.

the addition of vegetable ingredients of newly-discovered remedial value and absorptive adaptability, Dr. Holman has greatly increased the scope of the Pad's usefulness and appreciably augmented its active curative power.

This great improvement gives Holman's Pad (with its Adjuvants) complete and unfailing control over the most; eraistent and unyielding forms of Chronic Disease of the Stomneh and Liver, as well as Malarial Blood-poisoning. Holman's Pads are cured, and are daily curing, dis a ca of so many kinds, that the list is well-night its inhable. It i cludes Malarial Poison of ev. / type, from A hin; Bones and Low Fevers to Chills and Dumb Ague; Stomneh Diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Chronic Diarrice, Fistulency, Heartburn, etc., etc. Liver Disearders, like Riliousness, Silious-colle, IN R Currency Sin SN Wholes, \$1; Halves, 50 Cents.

CHANCERY SALES.

HOLMAN PAD CO., P. O. Box 2112 93 William C. New York. EDUCATIONAL. Mountain Spring High School TRINITY, ALABAMA,

Memphis and Charleston Ballroad.

FOR preparation for the University of Virginia and similar institutions, or for business. The nd similar institutions, or for business. The success of past sessions warrants the proprietor in paring no pains in making it the leading school of the south. Second term of current Session will begin February 7th. Charges in proportion from date of entrance. For catalogue, with full information, apply to JOHN A, LILE, Proprietor. Students received at any time, and charged after ntrance in proportion. CHANCERY SALE:

COMPANY, with the above Trade-Mark Pan GOMPANY, with the above Trade-Mark, printed in green. 85 For sale by all first-class druggists, or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of 82. HOLMAN PAD CO., P. O. Box 2112 93 William C. New York.

On Saturday, January 29, 1881, within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shehy county, Tennessee, to-wit: A lot and improvements in the county State and Taxing District aforesaid, and described as lot No. 10, block No. 19, on the plan of the city of Memphis, and described in the deed of R. A. Parker to M. L. Meacham and W. B. Galbreath, of date June 2, 1862, as lot No. 6, and fronting the Promemade on Howard's Row 2415 feet, and running back between parallel lines south 100 feet to as alley—both pieces of property being the same conveyed to the defendant, W. W. Dancy, by deed from John S. Dancy, dated February 10, 1874, recorded in, book 174, pages 682, etc., in Register's office of Shelby county.

Terms of Sale—On a credit of seven months; purchaser executing note with security; I lien re-